

Electric part - turn actuators in non-explosive version, with constant velocity of changing-over the output part

- coverage IP 67


## MODACT MOKPED 100 Ex MODACT MOKPED 250 Ex MODACT MOKPED 600 Ex

Type numbers 52 320-52 322


## 1. APPLICATION

The actuators are designed for shifting valves with reversing rotary motion in circuits of remote control and automatic control. They can also be used for other devices for which they are suitable with their characteristics and parameters. Special cases are to be discussed with the manufacturer.

MODACT MOKPED Ex electric actuators in non-explosive version are intended for control and operation in an environment with danger of explosion of explosive gaseous atmosphere in zone 1 and zone 2 and for areas with flammable dust in zone 21 and zone 22 according to ČSN EN 60079-10 (332320). The actuators are designed in compliance with the standards ČSN EN 60079-0:2013 and ČSN EN 60079-1:2008 for explosive gaseous atmosphere and with the standard ČSN EN 60079-31:2014 for areas with flammable dust.

These are non-explosive electric appliances of the group II, category 2 , in areas where occurrence of explosive atmosphere created by gases, vapours or mist - "G" is probable. The actuators can also be used in areas with flammable dust according to ČSN EN 50281-1-3. The actuators are labelled with a sign of protection against explosion and symbols of the group and category of appliance $\varepsilon_{x}$ II 2GD.

The entire electric actuator is designed as explosion-proof enclosure "d" with marking according to the performed certification as follows:

```
&x II 2GD Ex IIC T6 Gb - -25 \leqTa < 55 '
Ex d IIB T6 Gb --50 \leq Ta < 55 '
Ex tb IIIC T 80 O
```

The electric actuator must not be subjected to heavy charging, eg. an intense flow of a dust-air mixtures in order to prevent the occurrence of creeping electrostatic discharges.

## Nomenclature

Environment with explosion danger Explosive gaseous atmosphere

## Explosive dust atmosphere

## Maximum surface temperature

## Closure

Explosion-proof closure „d"

## Zone 1

Zone 2

## Zone 21

Zone 22

- Environment in which an explosive atmosphere can be created.
- A mixture of flammable substances (in the form of gases, vapours or mist) with air under atmospheric conditions in which, after initialization, burning spreads out to non-consumed mixture.
- mixture of flammable substances in the form of gas, vapour, mist and dust with air, under atmospheric conditions, in which, after ignition, combustion spreads to the entire unburned mixture.
- The highest temperature created during operation under the most unfavourable conditions (however within approved limits) on any surface part of the electric device, which could induce ignition of surrounding atmosphere.
- All walls, doors, covers, cable bushings, shafts, rods, pull-rods, etc. which contribute to the type of protection against explosion and/or to the level of protection (IP) of the electric device.
- Type of protection in which the parts capable of causing ignition of an explosive atmosphere are installed inside the closure; in case of internal explosion this closure should withstand pressure of the explosion and prevent spreading of the explosion into the surrounding atmosphere.
- A space where probability of occurrence of an explosive atmosphere of a mixture of flammable substances in the form of gas, vapour or mist with the air is occasional under normal operation.
- A space where occurrence of an explosive gaseous atmosphere formed of a mixture of flammable substances in the form of gas, vapour or mist with the air is improbable under normal operation; however, if this atmosphere is formed it will only persist for a short period of time.
- An area in which the explosive atmosphere is created by a cloud of whirled flammable dust in air formed in normal operation is occasional.
- An area in which an explosive mixture is not likely to occur in normal operation and if it occurs it will exist only for a short time.


## Applied Standards

The following basic standards apply to explosion-proof actuators:
ČSN EN 60079-14 Regulations for electrical devices in areas with a danger of explosion of flammable gasesand vapours.
ČSN IEC 60721 Types of environment for electrical devices.
ČSN EN 60079-0 Electrical devices for explosive gaseous atmosphere. General requirements.
ČSN EN 60079-1 Electrical devices for explosive gaseous atmosphere. Explosion-proof closure "d".

ČSN EN 60079-10 Electrical devices for explosive gaseous atmosphere. Specification of dangerous areas.
ČSN 330371 Non-explosive mixtures. Classification and testing methods.
ČSN 343205 Operation of electric rotating machines and work with them.
ČSN EN 1127-1 Explosive atmospheres - Explosion prevention and protection.
ČSN EN 60079-31 Explosion properties. Equipment protected against dust ignition with "t"closure.

## Designation of explosion-proof properties

It consists of the following symbols:
Ex Electric device complies with the standard ČSN EN 60079-0 and related standards for various types of protection against explosion.
d Designation of the type of protection against explosion, explosion-proof closure according to ČSN EN 60079-1.
tb Protection by enclosure " $t$ "- according to ČSN EN 60079-31.
IIC, IIB Designation of the group of explosion-proof electric device according to ČSN EN 60079-0.
IIIC Designation of explosion-proof electric equipment for explosive atmospheres with combustible dust, according to standard ČSN EN 60079-0.
T6 Designation of temperature class of explosion-proof electric device of the Group II according to ČSN EN 60079-0.
$T 80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Designation of explosion-proof electric equipment for explosive atmospheres with combustible dust, according to standard ČSN EN 60079-0.
Gb Designation of explosion-proof equipment for explosive gaseous atmospheres, having a "high"level of protection, and not a source of ignition in normal operation or during expected malfunctions; according to ČSN EN 60079-0.
Db Designation of explosion-proof equipment for explosive dust atmospheres, having a "high" level of protection, and not a source of ignition in normal operation or during expected malfunctions; according to ČSN EN 60079-0.
IP 67 Identification of the degree of protection; according to ČSN EN 60079-0 and ČSN EN 60529.

## Data on actuators

The actuators are fitted with the following plates:

1) Plate with data of non-explosive closures:

or

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 2) Rating and instrument plate contains: } \\ \text { - manufacture's name and address } \\ \text { - type designation of product (type number) } & \\ \text { - serial number } & \\ \text { - year of production } & \mathrm{Nm} \\ \text { - rated value of tripping torgue } & \mathrm{s} / 90^{\circ} \\ \text { - rated speed of shifting } & \circ \\ \text { - rated working stroke } & \mathrm{IP} \\ \text { - designation of protective enclosure of actuator } & \mathrm{kg} \\ \text { - weight of actuator } & \\ \text { - mark of conformity CE } & \\ \text { - electrical data of power circuits (voltage and frequency, current and output of electric motor) } \\ \text { - electrical data of control circuit of micro-switches (voltage, current) } \\ \text { - position transmitter (resistance, voltage or current) }\end{array}$

2) Warning plate

3) Plates on covers with marking of used protection against explosion

or front label No. 23354393 for design with local control switches and display.


## 2. OPERATING CONDITIONS, OPERATING POSITION

## Operating conditions

The MODACT MOKPED Ex actuators should withstand the effect of operating conditions and external influences, Classes AC1, AD7, AE6, AF2, AG2, AH2, AK2, AL2, AM-2-2, AN2, AP3, BA4, BC3 a BE3 according to ČSN 33 2000-5-51 ed. 3.

## Temperature and humidity

The operating temperature for actuators MODACT MOKPED Ex is $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, relative humidity from $10 \%$ to $100 \%$ with condensation.

Classes of external effects - excerpt from ČSN 33 2000-5-51 ed. 3.
Class:

1) AC1 - elevation above sea level $\leq 2000 \mathrm{~m}$
2) AD7 - water occurrence - shallow dipping
3) AE6 - strong dustiness
4) AF2 - occurrence of corrosive or polluting substances from atmosphere. Presence of corrosive substances is significant.
5) AG2 - medium mechanical stress by impacts - common industrial processes.
6) AH2 - medium mechanical stress by vibrations - common industrial processes.
7) AK2 - serious risk of growth of vegetation and moulds.
8) AL2 - serious danger of the occurrence of animals (insects, birds, small animals).
9) AM-2-2 - normal level of the signal voltage. No additional requirements.
10) AN2 - medium solar radiation with intensities $>500 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ and $\leq 700 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$.
11) AP3 - medium seismic effects; acceleration $>300 \mathrm{Gal} \leq 600 \mathrm{Gal}$.
12) BA4 - personal abilities. Instructed people.
13) BC3 - frequent contact with the earth potential. Persons coming frequently into contat with "live"parts or standing on a conducting base.
14) BE3 - danger of explosion, production and storage of explosive substances.

## Corrosion protection

Actuators are standardly delivered with surface treatment corresponding to category of corrosion aggressiveness C1, C2 and C3 according to ČSN EN ISO 12944-2.

On customer's request is possible to do surface treatment correcponding to category of corrosion aggressiveness C4, C5-I and C5-M.

In following table is provided and overview of environment for each categories of corrosion aggressiveness according to ČSN EN ISO 12944-2.

| Corrosion <br> aggressiveness <br> level | Example of typical environment |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Outdoor | Indoor |
| C2 <br> (low) | Atmosphere with low level of pollution. <br> Mostly outdoor areas. | Heated buildings with clean atmosphere <br> e.g. offices, shops, schools, hotels. |
| C3 <br> (middle) | Unheated buildings, in which may occur <br> condensation, e.g. stocks, sports halls. |  |
| Urban industrial atmospheres, <br> mild pollution of sulfur dioxide. <br> Seaside areas with middle salinity. | Production areas with high humidity and low air <br> pollution, e.g. food industry, processing <br> factories, breweries. |  |
| (high) | Industrial areas and seaside areas <br> with middle salinity. | Chemical plants, swimming pools, <br> seaside shipyard. |
| C5-I <br> (very high <br> -industrial) | Industrial areas with high humidity <br> and aggressive atmosphere. | Buildings or areas with predominantly continuous <br> condensation and high air pollution. |
| C5-M <br> (very high <br> - seaside) | Seaside areas with high salinity. | Buildings or areas with predominantly <br> continuous condensation and high air pollution. |

MOKPED Ex electric actuators designed for an ambient temperature of $-50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ must be resistant to operating conditions characterized by an ambient temperature range from $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

The actuators are designed with three-phase motors.
The aforementioned actuators will be designated with the letter $F$ at the last place of the supplementary type number: thus 5232x.xxxxEDF.

In all denominations of explosion-proof design of electric actuators Type No. 5232x.xxxxEDF the designation of subgroup II of explosion-proof electric device according to ČSN EN 60079-0 changes from IIC to IIB, i.e. to Ex d IIB T6 Gb.

When located in open areas, we recommend you to provide a light shelter to prevent direct impact of atmospheric conditions. The shelter should overreach the actuator's ground plan by at least 10 cm at the level of 20 to 30 cm .

When actuators are located in a working environment with temperatures below $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, with relative humidity exceeding $80 \%$, below a shelter, or in cold areas, it is always necessary to use the thermal element that is mounted to all actuators.

The heating elements used are resistors TRA $255 \mathrm{~K} 1 / \mathrm{J}$ with a power output of 25 W and resistance of 5 kOhm (located in the Control area of the actuator) and TRA $1510 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{J}$ with a power of 15 W and a resistance 10 kOhm (located in the area of local control). They are switched by a switch for the heating resistor located on the source circuit board. Computer program can be used to set the switching temperature in the range of -40 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Permanent heating can be reliably ensured the temperature setting $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Maximum heating flow of the switch is $0.4 \mathrm{~A} / 230 \mathrm{~V}$.

The present temperature range limit values for the use of the actuators ( $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ), which can be changed according to customer needs. Exceeding these limits close the fault contact READY and an error signal occurs.

Note: Sheltered areas are considered those where the fall of atmospheric precipitations under an angle up to $60^{\circ}$ is prevented.

## Operating position

The actuators MODACT MOKPED Ex can operate in any operating position.

## 3. OPERATION MODE, SERVICE LIFE OF ACTUATORS

## Operation mode

The actuators can operate at rated load torque, which is $50 \%$ of the maximum tripping torque, with S2 type load. The operation time is in this kind of load is 10 minutes at ambient environment temperature up to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The actuators can operate at rated load torque and intermittent operation with start-up with the S4 type of load according to ČSN EN 60034-1 (35 0000). The load factor is $25 \%$, and switching frequency up to 1200 times per hour. The maximum duty
cycle is determined by the run time at a full stroke of the actuator. Maximum medium level of load torque equals to rated torque of actuator. The highest mean value of loading torque is equal to rated torque of the actuator.


## Service life of actuators

The actuator intended for shut-off valves must be able to perform at least 10,000 operating cycles ( $C-O-C$ ).
The actuator intended for regulating purposes must be able to perform at least 1 million cycles with operation time (during which the output shaft is moving) at least 250 hours. Service life in operating hours (h) depends on load and number of switching. Not always, high frequency of switching influences positively accuracy of regulation. For attaining the longest possible faultless period and service life, frequency of switching is recommended to be set to the lowest number of switching necessary for the given process. Orientation data of service life derived from the set regulation parameters are shown in the following table.

Service life of actuators for 1 million starts

| Service life [h] | 830 | 1000 | 2000 | 4000 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of starts [1/h] | Max. number of starts 1200 | 1000 | 500 | 250 |

## 4. TECHNICAL DATA

Basic technical parameters are given in Table 1.

## Power supply

- nominal value of the AC voltage is $\quad 1 \times 230 \mathrm{~V}$ or $3 \times 400 \mathrm{~V}$ (according to version)
- permitted power supply voltage tolerance is $\quad-10 \%$ to $+6 \%$ of the nominal value
- rated frequency of supply voltage is

50 Hz

- permitted power supply voltage frequency tolerance is
$2 \%$ of the nominal value
Within this supply voltage range, all parameters are kept up except the starting torque which varies with the square of the supply voltage deviation from the rated value. This dependence is directly proportional to the supply voltage variation; no larger supply voltage and frequency fluctuations are permitted.


## Protective enclosure

Protective enclosure of the MODACT MOKPED Ex actuators is IP 67 according to ČSN EN 60529 ( 330330 ).

## Noise

Level of acoustic pressure A
Level of acoustic output A
max. $85 \mathrm{~dB}(A)$
$\max .95 \mathrm{~dB}(A)$

## Tripping torque

At the factory, the tripping torque has been adjusted as shown in Table 1, according to the customer's requirements. If no tripping torque adjustment has been specified by the customer the maximum tripping torque is adjusted.

## Self-locking

Actuator self-locking capacity is provided by mechanical electric motor brake, at actuator type no. 52320 by mechanic gearbox brake.

## Sense of rotation

When looking at the output shaft in the direction towards the control box, the CLOSE direction of rotation is identical with the clockwise sense.

## Working stroke

The working stroke of MODACT MOKPED Ex actuator is $90^{\circ}$ (after agreement with the manufacturer actuators can be supplied with working stroke $60^{\circ}, 120^{\circ}$ or $160^{\circ}$ ).

## Manual control

The actuators are controlled by a hand wheel directly (without a clutch) and control is possible even during operation of the electric motor. When rotating the hand wheel in clockwise direction, the actuator's output shaft also rotates in clockwise direction (looking at the local position indicator). Handwheel direction of rotation is also indicated on the label of the handwheel.

Torque-limit switches in the actuator are set and work when the actuator is under voltage.
When using the manual control, ie. actuator is controlled mechanically, the torque-limit switches doesn't work and the valve can be damaged.

## 5. ACTUATOR OUTFIT

## Position indicator

The actuator can be fitted with a display as an option for DMS2 ED electronic system. Actuator with DMS2 electronic system is equipped with two-line display.

## Heating element

Actuators are equipped with a heating element to prevent water vapour condensation. As a heating element they apply resistors TRA $2510 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{J}$ with an output of 25 W and resistance of $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. They are switched by a switch for the heating resistor located on the source circuit board. It is possible to use a computer to set the switching temperature in the range of -40 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Permanent heating can reliably be ensured by the temperature setting $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Maximum heating current of the switch is $0.4 \mathrm{~A} / 230 \mathrm{~V}$.

The preset temperature range limit values of the actuators ( $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) can be changed according to customer needs. Exceeding these limits close the fault contact READY and an error signal occurs.

## Local control

Local control serves for controlling the actuator from the site of its installation. For DMS2 ED electronic system includes two change-over switches: one with positions "Remote control - Off - Local control", the other "Open - Stop - Close".

The first change-over switch can be built-in as two-pole or four-pole. The change-over switches are installed in a terminal-board box and the control elements on the lid of this terminal-board box.

If the actuator is equipped with DMS electronic system local control consists of 3 buttons - "Open", "Stop", "Close" and rotary switch "Local, Remote, Off".

## 6. ELECTRIC PARAMETERS

## Terminal board of the actuator

Electrical equipment consists of electronics power supply circuit and motor control circuit. Connection of the distribution network is performed by means of the terminal board located on the control module. The terminal block is designed that the total connection does not need any other terminals.

This terminal board uses screw terminals allowing to connect conductors with a maximum cross-section of $2,5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.

## Actuator internal wiring

The internal wiring diagrams of the MODACT MOKPED Ex actuators with terminal designation are shown in this Mounting and operating instructions.

Each actuator is provided with its internal wiring diagram on the inner side of the actuator. The terminals are marked on a self-adhesive label attached to a carrying strip under the terminal block.

## Isolation resistance

Isolation resistance of electric control circuits against the frame and against each other is $\min .20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$. Isolation resistance of the electric motor is min. $1,9 \mathrm{M} \Omega$. After a dump test, isolation resistance of control circuits is min. $2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$.

## Electric strength of electric circuits isolation

MOKPED Ex actuator with electronic system are tested:
circuits of anti-condensation heater
circuits of electric motor
circuits of outgoing and control signal circuits

## Deviations of basic parameters

## Tripping torque

Adjusting time

1500 V 50 Hz
$1000 \mathrm{~V}+2 . \mathrm{Ujm} 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$, at least 1500 V 50 V DC
$\pm 15 \%$ of max. value of range
$+10 \%$ till $-15 \%$ of rated value (idle run)

## Protection

The actuators are fitted with one internal and one external protective terminals ensuring protection against electric shock according to ČSN 33 2000-4-41. One protective terminal is also fitted to the electric motor. The protective terminals are labelled with a mark according to ČSN EN 60417-1a2 (013760).

## 7. DESCRIPTION

The entire actuator is designed as explosion-proof closure "d" marked Ex d IICT6 Gb or Ex d IIB T6 Gb for explosive gaseous atmosphere and Ex tb IIIC $\mathbf{~} 80^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ Db IP67 for areas with flammable dust.

If the actuator is equipped with local control unit, the local control unit makes another explosion-proof closure " $d$ ". Both explosion-proof closures are in such case separated by a bushing.
The motors consist of two parts:
a) Power part - is used to draw the necessary torque to the valve and is composed of a single- or three-phase asynchronous electric motor, countershaft gear box, planet gear box with output shaft, device for manual control with a hand wheel and floating screw.
b) Control (electronic) part onsisting of DMS2 or DMS2 ED electronic system is used to control the actuator. The individual modules of both electronic systems and their functions are described in Chapter ELECTRONIC OUTFIT.
Operation of the position-limit is derived from rotation of the output shaft via special mechanisms. Operation of the torque-limit switches is derived from axial displacement of the "floating worm" of the manual control unit which is scanned and transferred to the control box.

The tripping torque can be adjusted within the range specified in the table 1 . Torque switches may be blocked when actuator needs to produce a starting torque.

Showing position of the output shaft of the actuator can be either on site using mechanical indicators or display that can be installed in the actuator or remotely via an analog output signal and the corresponding indicator. Indicator is not included in the delivery.

## Connecting and wiring

To enter into explosion-proof closure the actuators are equipped with following threaded holes:
a) Actuator - has 3 threaded entries M20x1.5 or M25x1.5 (see dimensional drawings of actuator)
b) Local control unit - has 2 threaded entries M20×1,5.

Threaded holes for cable glands are marked M20x1,5 respectively M25x1,5 in accordance with article. 13 ČSN EN 60079-1.
These inputs are standardly closed by a blanking plug appropriate size.
Customer must set up electrical connection (actuator inputs must be fitted with certified cable glands), which according to inclusion are in accordance with ČSN EN 60079-14 and the protective enclosure is min. IP 67.

At the customer's request, the manufacturer may supply the actuator with cable gland system that meets requirement of EN 60079-14 Article. 10.4.2.d for direct entry into explosion-proof closure group IIC. To enter into explosion-proof closure of the actuator can be used Peppers glands (type CR-U) or HAWKE glands (type 623 ICG) according to the following table:

| Gland type | Threaded hole | Cable diameter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CR-U/25 | M25x1,5 | $11,7-20,0 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| ICG 623/B | M25x1,5 | $13,0-20,2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| CR-U/20 | M20x1,5 | $9,5-14,0 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| ICG 623/A | M20x1,5 | $11,0-14,3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

When connecting the actuator with these glands customer is obliged to follow the instructions of sealing individual cable cores.

## 8. ELECTRONIC OUTFIT

The actuator is controlled with the electronic system DMS2 or DMS2 ED. Both systems scan position of the output shaft and torque of the electric actuator by contact-free magnetic sensors. Long service life is guaranteed for the contact-free sensors that do not get mechanically worn.

The sensor of the output shaft position is absolute and does not require any backup power supply in case supply voltage is disconnected during operation of the electric actuator. Both systems can be set and monitored by a computer with controlling program (set parameter can be backed up on a computer) or manually without a computer (for the electronics DMS2, parameters can be manually set and it can be checked without computer only if the system is equipped with a display and local control). They contain diagnostic functions - error messages on the display, memory of recent failures and number of occurrences of respective failures.

The more simple system DMS2 ED substitutes the electro-mechanical board and/or provides for controlling the electric actuator by input analog signal as in the version Control.

The system DMS2 enables the electric actuator to be used for two-position and three-position regulation or to be connected to the industrial bus bar Profibus.

## DMS2 ED SYSTEM

## Basic outfit of the DMS2 ED electronics:

Position control unit

Source unit

Torque sensor

- main part of the system DMS2 ED - includes microcomputer, position sensor, 3 signal lamps LED, 4 push-buttons for simple setting and checking the actuator, connectors for connecting the torque sensor, source board, and interface RS 232 (connection of computer for setting and diagnostics).
- electronic power supply, user's terminal board (connection of power supply and control signals), 2 torque relays, 2 position relays, 2 signalling relays, 1 relay for signalling errors (READY), switch of resistance anti- condensation heater and its thermostatic control, connectors for connecting the control unit and analog CPT module.
- provides contactless torque sensing


## Optional outfit of the DMS2 ED electronics:

Analog module

LCD display
Local control
Reversing relays - for three-phase motors control signal 0/4-20 mA

- communication, position indicator


## Technical parameters of the DMS2 ED electronics:

Scanning of position
Scanning of torque
Working stroke see
Torque blocking
Input signal

Output signal

Power supply of electronic

- output of feed-back signal $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$, in version CONTROL input of
contact-less, magnetic
contact-less, magnetic
$90^{\circ}$
$0-20 \mathrm{~s}$ at reversing in limit positions
$0(4)-20 \mathrm{~mA}, 20-0(4) \mathrm{mA}$ with switched on regulator function
Local/Remote control, Local open/close
7 x relay 250 V AC, 3 A (MO, MZ, PO, PZ, SO, SZ, READY)
Position signal $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$, max. $500 \Omega$, active/passive, galvanic-isolated, $2 \times 12$ character LED display
230 V AC, $50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{~W}$, over-voltage category II


## Design of DMS2 ED electronics:

Replacement of electromechanical board - the provided relay contacts substitute position, torque and signalling microswitches; current feed-back signal 4-20 mA can also be brought out; the actuator is controlled by the superior control system with signals "open" and "close".
CONTROL

- the electronics covers also function of the regulator; the output shaft position is controlled by analog input signal.
Example of wiring diagram of electronics DMS2 ED in version Substitution of electro-mechanical board

Note: Here, contacts of relay MO, MZ, SO, SZ are shown with power supply switched off; with power supply switched off contacts PO, PZ are shifted to the position drawn in dashed line.
Example of wiring diagram of electronics DMS2 ED in version Substitution of electro-mechanical board
E0011
 the version. "Substitution of electro-mechanical
board without block of power relays" is also
 is connected to separate
terminal board.


In version without local

erminal $U$ is connected to terminal 2
Note: Here, contacts of relay $M O, M Z, S O, S Z$ are shown with power supply switched off; with power supply switched off contacts PO, PZ are shifted to the position drawn in dashed line.

Note: Here, contacts of relay MO, MZ, SO, SZ are shown with power supply switched off; with power supply switched off contacts PO, PZ are shifted to the position drawn in dashed line
Example of wiring diagram of electronics DMS2 ED in version Control with single-phase electric motor

Note: Here, contacts of relay MO, MZ, SO, SZ are shown with power supply switched off; with power supply switched off contacts PO, PZ are shifted to the position drawn in dashed line.
Example of wiring diagram of electronics DMS2 ED in version Control with three-phase electric motor


## DMS2 SYSTEM

## Main properties of DMS2 electronics:

- Complete control of the actuator run of the two- and three-position regulation or connection to the industrial bus Profibus.
- Synoptic signalization of operation and service data on the character LCD display.
- Autodiagnostics of error reports on the LCD display, memory of recent failures and number of occurrences of respective failures.
- Setting of parameters by the PC program and by local control provided that the actuator is fitted with local control.


## Basic outfit of DMS2:

The control unit is the main part of the system DMS2; it comprises:

- Microcomputer and memory of parameters
- Position sensors
- 2 signalling LED
- Connectors for connecting the torque sensor, relay board, and two-position inputs, source board, communication adapter, LCD display, and local control

Torque unit provides for scanning torque by the contactless sensor.
The source unit consists of:

- Power supply for electronics.
- 2 relays for electric motor control,
- Ready relay with change-over contact separately led on a terminal board
- $1-4$ signalling relays with one pole of contact switch led on terminal board. Second poles of relay contacts $1-4$ are connected to COM terminal.
- User terminal for supply voltage and output relays connection.

The unit allows connection of the heating resistor and its control with thermostat.
The unit controls power switches of the electric motor (reversing relay) and can directly control a low power single phase electric motor.

Display unit - dual line display, $2 \times 12$ alphanumeric characters
Button unit - buttons sensor "open", "close", "stop" and rotary switches "local, remote, stop."
Power relays - for three-phase electric motor (according to design).

## Note:

DMS2 electronics - in 2P or 3P control design are motor relays for controlling of the actuator (associate torque and position function) connected directly to the contactors and not to the terminal board. Four relay contacts R1 to R4, led to the terminal board, have only a secondary function and are used like a signalling switches to indicate the status of the actuator.

DMS2 electronic system as DMS2ED electronic system designed for 2P or 3P regulation has contact Ready led to the terminal board for error and non-standard states signalling according to the following list:

| OFF | warnings + errors | torque O or Z |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| warning | errors + not remote |  |
| error | errors + warnings + not remote |  |

Electronics DMS2 in version Profibus communicates with the master control system exclusively via industrial bus, no other signals are brought out.

Optional DMS2 electronics outfit (in the actuator must be one of these units):
The two- and three-position control unit - allows controlling the actuator by moving to the "open" and "closed" positions or by analog signal 0 (4) - 20 mA .

Profibus connection unit - allows you to control actuator by PROFIBUS.

## Technical parameters of DMS2 electronics:

Scanning of position
Scanning of torque
Working stroke see
Torque blocking
Input signal

Output signals

Power supply
contact-less, magnetic
contact-less, magnetic
$90^{\circ}$
$0-20 \mathrm{~s}$ at reversing in limit positions
$0(4)-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ with switched on 3 P regulator function
Open, Close $15-60 \mathrm{~V}$ AC/DC with switched on $2 P$
regulator function
Safe 15-60 V AC/DC
Local/remote control, local open, stop, local close
5 x relay 250 V AC 3A (R1, R2, R3, R4, READY)
Position signal 4-20 mA, max. $500 \Omega$,
active/passive, galvanic-isolated
LCD display $2 \times 12$ alpha-numeric characters
230 V AC, $50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{~W}$, over-voltage category II
Monitoring the presence and sequence of a phase

Example of wiring diagram of system DMS2 in version for control with signals "open" and "close" or in version for control with analog current signal with single-phase electric motor


## Example of wiring diagram of system DMS2 in version Profibus

with single-phase electric motor



## Example of wiring diagram of system DMS2 in version Profibus

 with tree-phase electric motor

## The terminal board of the actuator with electronics DMS2 ED.



The terminal board of the actuator with electronics DMS2.


If the actuator is of one-phase version the supply mains inlet is only connected to the terminals $\mathbf{P E}, \mathbf{N}, \mathbf{U}$.
The terminals V, W will remain unconnected. If the actuator is of the version "Replacement of electric-mechanical board" with threephase electric motor without power relays, the electric motor is connected to a separate terminal board (not shown here).

Table 1 －Electric actuators MODACT MOKPED Ex
－basic technical parameters

| Type | Type number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Shifting } \\ & \text { time } \\ & {\left[\mathrm{s} / 90^{\circ}\right]} \end{aligned}$ | Tripping torque ［Nm］ | Electric motor |  |  |  |  |  | Weight <br> ［kg］ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Power <br> ［W］ | Type | RPM <br> ［1／min］ | Voltage <br> ［V］ | Current <br> ［A］ | Capacity $\mu \mathrm{F}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 㐅 } \\ & \text { ò } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\ddot{0}} \\ & \text { 仓̀ } \\ & \text { 仓̀ } \end{aligned}$ | $52320 . x=1+E D$ | 10 | 25－100 | 74 | ES 7150－2AL | 2750 | $1 \times 230$ | 0，67 | 7 | 9，7 |
|  | $52320 . x=2+E D$ | 20 |  | 74 | ES 7150－2AL | 2750 | $1 \times 230$ | 0，67 | 7 |  |
|  | $52320 . x=3+E D$ | 40 | 25－85 | 15 | FCJ2B52D | 2780 | $1 \times 230$ | 0，37 | 3，5 |  |
|  | $52320 . x=4+E D$ | 80 | 25－100 | 17 | ES 7130－4AY | 1300 | $1 \times 230$ | 0，27 | 3，5 |  |
|  | $52320 . x=5+E D$ | 10 | 16－32 | 15 | FT2B52C | 2680 | $3 \times 400$ | 0，10 | － |  |
|  | $52320 . x=6+E D$ | 20 | 25－90 | 15 | FT2B52C | 2680 | $3 \times 400$ | 0，10 | － |  |
|  | $52320 . x=7+E D$ | 40 | 25－100 | 15 | FT2B52C | 2680 | $3 \times 400$ | 0，10 | － |  |
|  | 52321．x＝1＋ED | 10 | 63－125 | 90 | EAMRB56N02 | 2780 | $1 \times 230$ | 0，9 | 8 | 18，5 |
|  | 52321． $\mathrm{x}=2+\mathrm{ED}$ | 20 | 100－250 | 90 | EAMRB56N02 | 2780 | $1 \times 230$ | 0，9 | 8 |  |
|  | 52321． $\mathrm{x}=3+\mathrm{ED}$ | 40 |  | 40 | EAMRB56N04A | 1380 | $1 \times 230$ | 0，55 | 5 |  |
|  | 52321． $\mathrm{x}=4+\mathrm{ED}$ | 80 |  | 40 | EAMRB56N04A | 1380 | $1 \times 230$ | 0，55 | 5 |  |
|  | 52321． $\mathrm{x}=5+\mathrm{ED}$ | 10 | 63－200 | 90 | EAMR56N02L | 2790 | $3 \times 400$ | 0，25 | － |  |
|  | 52321． $\mathrm{x}=6+\mathrm{ED}$ | 20 | 100－250 | 90 | EAMR56N02L | 2790 | $3 \times 400$ | 0，25 | － |  |
|  | 52321． $\mathrm{x}=7+\mathrm{ED}$ | 40 |  | 60 | EAMR56N02A | 2790 | $3 \times 400$ | 0，20 | － |  |
|  | 52321． $\mathrm{x}=8+\mathrm{ED}$ | 80 |  | 20 | EAMR56N04A | 1440 | $3 \times 400$ | 0，20 | － |  |
|  | 52322． $\mathrm{x}=1+\mathrm{ED}$ | 10 | 250－510 | 180 | EAMR63N04 | 1370 | $3 \times 400$ | 0，6 | － | 31 |
|  | 52322． $\mathrm{x}=2+\mathrm{ED}$ | 20 | 250－600 | 120 | EAMR63N04L | 1390 | $3 \times 400$ | 0，45 | － |  |
|  | 52322． $\mathrm{x}=3+\mathrm{ED}$ | 40 |  | 60 | EAMR63L02A | 2790 | $3 \times 400$ | 0，20 | － |  |
|  | 52322． $\mathrm{x}=4+\mathrm{ED}$ | 80 |  | 20 | EAMR63L04A | 1440 | $3 \times 400$ | 0，20 | － |  |
|  | 52322． $\mathrm{x}=5+\mathrm{ED}$ | 160 |  | 20 | EAMR63L04A | 1440 | $3 \times 400$ | 0，20 | － |  |
|  | 52322．$x=6+$ ED | 20 | 250－450 | 180 | EAMRB63N04 | 1320 | $1 \times 230$ | 1，35 | 10 |  |
|  | 52322． $\mathrm{x}=7+\mathrm{ED}$ | 40 | 250－550 | 90 | EAMRB63L02 | 2780 | $1 \times 230$ | 0，90 | 8 |  |
|  | 52322． $\mathrm{x}=8+\mathrm{ED}$ | 80 | 250－600 | 40 | EAMRB63L04A | 1380 | $1 \times 230$ | 0，55 | 5 |  |
|  | 52322．$x=9+E D$ | 160 |  | 40 | EAMRB63L04A | 1380 | $1 \times 230$ | 0，55 | 5 |  |

## The type number shall include:

| Place in type number | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. |  | 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. | 11. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type number | 5 | 2 | 3 | 2 | x | . | x | $=$ | x | + | ED | x |

6 th place: - the letter " $\mathbf{U}$ ", if there is letter $\mathbf{C}, \mathbf{P}, \mathbf{R}$ or $\mathbf{S}$ on the $7^{\text {th }}$ place (electric actuator is fitted with electronics $D M S 2$ ),

- the letter " T " if there is letter $\mathbf{C}$ or $\mathbf{R} 7^{\text {th }}$ place - the actuator is not equiped with display and block of local control
- character from Table 2, if there is letter $\mathbf{E}$ on the $7^{\text {th }}$ place (electronics $D M S 2 E D$ )


## Table 2 - actuator with electronics DMS2 ED

| Character | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{F}$ | $\mathbf{H}$ | $\mathbf{J}$ | $\mathbf{K}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Local control |  | x |  | x |  | x |  | x |  | x |  | x |  | x |  | x |  | x |  | x |  | x |  | x |
| Display |  |  | x | x |  |  | x | x |  |  | x | x |  |  | x | x |  |  | x | x |  |  | x | x |
| Power relays |  |  |  |  | x | x | x | x |  |  |  |  | x | x | x | x |  |  |  |  | x | x | x | x |
| Analog <br> module transmitter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |

$7^{\text {th }}$ place: $\quad E-$ electric actuator is fitted with electronics DMS2 ED
P - electric actuator is fitted with electronics DMS2 for connection to Profibus, power relays
S - electric actuator is fitted with electronics DMS2 for connection to Profibus
$\mathbf{R}$ - electric actuator is fitted with electronics DMS2 for two- or three-position control **), power relays
C - electric actuator is fitted with electronics DMS2 for two- or three-position control **)
${ }^{* *}$ ) Two- or three-position regulation of the actuator is set at the manufacturer. Unless otherwise specified in the order, the actuator will be set for three-position regulation (control by signal 4-20 mA).

| $8^{\text {th }}$ place | - adjusting time, tripping torque - according to Table 1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 9th place | - mechanical connection - the numeber or letter according to Table 3 |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ place | - ED - actuators with DMS2 or DMS2 ED electronic system |
| $11^{\text {th }}$ place | - surrounding temperature |


| For surrounding temperature from $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ till $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | no designation |
| :--- | :---: |
| For surrounding temperature from $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ till $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | F |

In all markings of explosion-proofness of actuators type no. $5232 \mathrm{x} . \mathrm{xxxxF}$, the marking of sub-groups of group II of an explosion-proof electric device according to standard ČSN EN 60079-0 will be changed from IIC to IIB, namely Ex d IIB T6.

The version $5232 \mathrm{x} . \mathrm{xxxxF}$ is only available with three-phase electric motors.

Table 3 - Way of connecting MODACT MOKPED Ex electric actuators

- specifying of the 9th place in type number

| Flange size | Connection | Square size $\mathrm{s} \text { [mm }]$ | Square position | Marking of the 9th position in the type number | Structural design of output |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type number 52320 |  |  |  |  |  |
| F05 | keyway | $\varnothing 22$ |  | 0 | collar |
| F05 | square | 14 | basic | 1 | exchangeable inserts |
| F04 | keyway | Ø 18 |  | 2 |  |
| F04 | square | 11 | basic | 3 |  |
| F05 |  | 14 | positioned at a $45^{\circ}$ | 4 |  |
| F04 |  | 11 | positioned at a $45^{\circ}$ | 5 |  |
| F04 |  | 12 | basic | 6 |  |
| F04 |  | 12 | positioned at a $45^{\circ}$ | 7 |  |
| F05 |  | 16 | basic | 8 |  |
| F05 |  | 16 | positioned at a $45^{\circ}$ | 9 |  |
| Type number 52321 |  |  |  |  |  |
| F10 | square | 22 | basic | 1 | exchangeable inserts |
| F07 | keyway | Ø 28 |  | 2 |  |
| F07 | square | 17 | basic | 3 |  |
| F10 |  | 22 | positioned at a $45^{\circ}$ | 4 |  |
| F07 |  | 17 | positioned at a $45^{\circ}$ | 5 |  |
| F07 |  | 19 | basic | 6 |  |
| F07 |  | 19 | positioned at a $45^{\circ}$ | 7 |  |
| F10 |  | 24 | basic | 8 |  |
| F10 |  | 24 | positioned at a $45^{\circ}$ | 9 |  |
| F10 |  | 27 | basic | A |  |
| F10 |  | 27 | positioned at a $45^{\circ}$ | B |  |
| Type number 52322 |  |  |  |  |  |
| F12 | keyway | $\varnothing 50$ |  | 0 | collar |
| F12 | square | 27 | basic | 1 | exchangeable inserts |
| F10 | keyway | $\varnothing 42$ |  | 2 |  |
| F10 | square | 22 | basic | 3 |  |
| F12 |  | 27 | positioned at a $45^{\circ}$ | 4 |  |
| F10 |  | 22 | positioned at a $45^{\circ}$ | 5 |  |
| F10 |  | 24 | basic | 6 |  |
| F10 |  | 24 | positioned at a $45^{\circ}$ | 7 |  |
| F10 |  | 27 | basic | 8 |  |
| F10 |  | 27 | positioned at a $45^{\circ}$ | 9 |  |
| F12 |  | 32 | basic | A |  |
| F12 |  | 32 | positioned at a $45^{\circ}$ | B |  |
| Actuator output shaft position (when viewing towards the local position indicator). <br> The handwheel tallies with the CLOSED position |  | Keyway connectionclose$\phi-\phi$ | Square |  |  |
|  |  | basic po (to DIN 33 | $\begin{gathered} \text { positioned at a } 45^{\circ} \\ \text { (to ISO 5211) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  |  | open |  |  | $\overbrace{-}^{+}$ |

Another connection of electric actuators on demand.

Connecting dimensions of MODACT MOKPED Ex electric actuators for valves and control devices - connecting with square


The position of the square hole in end position of electric actuator. The position "Opened" is to the left of the position "Closed" when viewing in the direction to the local indicator of position.
The square hole is according to DIN 79:2013-02.
Connecting dimensions are according to DIN 3337 or ISO 5211.
The position "Z" ("C") of the square hole for spindle is identical with the position "Z" ("C") on the local indicator of position.


A - connection by square in basic position
B - connection by square turned by $45^{\circ}$

| Flange | © d1 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \sigma \mathrm{d} 2 \\ \mathrm{f} 8 \end{gathered}$ | ø d3 | d4 | h4 |  | h2 min. | h1 max. | 13 min. | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{s} \\ \mathrm{H} 11 \end{gathered}$ | e min. | ø d5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | min. | max. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F04 | 65 | 30 | 42 | M6 | 1,5 | 0,5 | 12 | 3 | 15,1 | 11 | 14,1 | 25 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16,1 | 12 | 16,1 |  |
| F05 | 65 | 35 | 50 | M6 | 3 | 0,5 | 12 | 3 | 19,1 | 14 | 18,1 | 28 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22,1 | 16 | 21,2 |  |
| F07 | 90 | 55 | 70 | M8 | 3 | 0,5 | 13 | 3 | 23,1 | 17 | 22,2 | 40 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26,1 | 19 | 25,2 |  |
| F10 | 125 | 70 | 102 | M10 | 3 | 1 | 16 | 3 | 30,1 | 22 | 28,2 | 50 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33,1 | 24 | 32,2 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 37,1 | 27 | 36,2 |  |
| F12 | 150 | 85 | 125 | M12 | 3 | 1 | 20 | 3 | 37,1 | 27 | 36,2 | 70 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44,1 | 32 | 42,2 |  |

## Connecting dimensions of MODACT MOKPED Ex electric actuators

 for valves and control devices - connecting with keyway

The position of groove for keyway according to ISO 5211 and DIN 3337 is in the position "Closed". The position "Opened" is to the left of the position "Closed" when viewing in the direction to the local indicator of position. The position "Z" ("C") of the groove for keyway is identical with the position "Z" ("C") on the local indicator of position.


| Flange | $\varnothing \mathrm{d} 1$ | $\boldsymbol{\sigma} 2$ <br> f 8 | $\varnothing \mathrm{~d} 3$ | d 4 | d 7 <br> H9 | h3 max. | h2 min. | h1 max. | I1 min. | b4 <br> Js 9 | $\mathrm{t} 3+0,4$ <br> $\mathbf{+ 0 , 2}$ | $\varnothing \mathrm{~d} 5$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F04 | 65 | 30 | 42 | M6 | 18 | 3 | 12 | 3 | 26 | 6 | 20,5 | 25 |
| F05 | 65 | 35 | 50 | M6 | 22 | 3 | 12 | 3 | 30 | 6 | 24,5 | 28 |
| F07 | 90 | 55 | 70 | M8 | 28 | 3 | 13 | 3 | 35 | 8 | 30,9 | 40 |
| F10 | 125 | 70 | 102 | M10 | 42 | 3 | 16 | 3 | 45 | 12 | 45,1 | 50 |
| F12 | 150 | 85 | 125 | M12 | 50 | 3 | 20 | 3 | 55 | 14 | 53,5 | 70 |

Dimensional sketch of MODACT MOKPED 100 Ex and 250 Ex electric actuators


| Type | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | K |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MOKPED 100 Ex | 253 | 276 | 297 | 308 | 311 | 316 | 160 | 170 | 72 |
| MOKPED 250 Ex | 306 | 312 | 368 | 385 | 376 | 363 | 200 | 183 | 72 |

## Dimensional sketch of MODACT MOKPED 600 Ex electric actuators



Threaded holes for cable entries are marked M20x1,5 or M25x1,5 in accordance with article 13 of ČSN EN 60079-1. These entries are sealed by plugs M20x1,5 or M25x1,5.

The customer is obliged to establish electrical connection for direct entry to the flameproof enclosure, that corresponds to the requirements of ČSN EN 60079-14 and the protective enclosure is at least IP 67.

At the customer's request, the manufacturer can supply motors with cable bushing system that meets the requirements of ČSN EN 60079-14 Article 10.4.2.d for direct entry into flameproof enclosure of group IIC. For entry into actuators flameproof enclosure are used certified sealed bushings appropriate sizes.

They can be used Peppers (type CR-U) or HAWKE (type 623 ICG) glands according to the following table:

| Gland | Threaded hole | Cable diameter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CR-U/25 | $\mathrm{M} 25 \times 1,5$ | $11,7-20,0 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| ICG 623/B | $\mathrm{M} 25 \times 1,5$ | $13,0-20,2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| CR-U/20 | $\mathrm{M} 20 \times 1,5$ | $9,5-14,0 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| ICG 623/A | $\mathrm{M} 20 \times 1,5$ | $11,0-14,3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |



## zDA <br> PEČKY.

Development, production and services of electric actuators and switchboards. Top-quality sheet-metal processing (TRUMPF equipment), powder paint shop.

## SURVEY OF PRODUCED ACTUATORS

## KP MINI, KP MIDI

Electric rotary $\left(90^{\circ}\right)$ actuators (up to 30 Nm )

## MODACT MOK, MOKED, MOKP Ex, MOKPED Ex

Electric rotary $\left(90^{\circ}\right)$ actuators for ball valves and flaps

## MODACT MOKA

Electric rotary $\left(90^{\circ}\right)$ actuators for nuclear power stations application outside containment

## MODACT MON, MOP, MONJ, MONED, MOPED, MONEDJ

Electric rotary multi-turn actuators

## MODACT MO EEX, MOED EEX

Explosion proof electric multi-turn actuators

## MODACT MOA

Electric multi-turn actuators for nuclear power stations application outside containment

## MODACT MOA OC

Electric multi-turn actuators for nuclear power stations application inside containment

## MODACT MPR VARIANT

Electric rotary $\left(160^{\circ}\right)$ lever actuators with a variable output speed

## MODACT MPS, MPSP, MPSED, MPSPED

Electric rotary $\left(160^{\circ}\right)$ lever actuators with a constant output speed

## MODACT MTN, MTP, MTNED, MTPED

Electric linear thrust actuators with a constant output speed


